

Bernhard Thomas Klein

Ritter Adelbert

für Blasorchester

Grade 4

Dauer: 5`40 min

achmusik
ACH 0800

Besetzung

Piccolo
Flöte 1
Flöte 2
Oboe / Englisch Horn
Fagott
Klarinette in Es
Klarinette 1 in B
Klarinette 2 in B
Klarinette 3 in B
Alt Klarinette in Es
Baßklarinetten in B
Alt-Saxophon 1
Alt-Saxophon 2
Tenor-Saxophon
Bariton-Saxophon

Horn 1/2 in F
Horn 3/4 in F
Trompete 1 in B
Trompete 2 in B
Trompete 3 in B
Posaune 1
Posaune 2
Posaune 3
Euphonium 1 in Bb / in C
Euphonium 2 in Bb / in C
Tuba 1/2

Pauken
Percussion 1
Kleine Trommel, Große Trommel, 3 Tomtoms
2 - 3 Spieler
Percussion 2
Tamburin, 2 Woodblock, Peitsche, hängendes Becken,
Doppelbecken, Triangel 3 - 4 Spieler
Mallets
Glockenspiel, Röhrenglocken, Xylophon
2 Spieler

Instrumentation

Piccolo
Flute 1
Flute 2
Oboe / English Horn
Bassoon
Eb Clarinet
Bb Clarinet 1
Bb Clarinet 2
Bb Clarinet 3
Eb Alto Clarinet
Bb Bass Clarinet
Eb Alto Saxophone 1
Eb Alto Saxophone 2
Bb Tenor Saxophone
Eb Baritone Saxophone

F Horn 1/2
F Horn 3/4
Bb Trumpet 1
Bb Trumpet 2
Bb Trumpet 3
Trombone 1
Trombone 2
Trombone 3
Bb/C Euphonium 1
Bb/C Euphonium 2
Tuba 1/2

Pauken
Percussion 1
Snare Drum, Bass Drum, 3 Tomtoms
2 - 3 players
Percussion 2
Tambourine, 2 Woodblock, Whip, Suspended Cymbal,
Cymbals, Triangle 3 - 4 players
Mallets
Bells, Tubular Bells, Xylophone
2 players

Die Partitur ist transponierend notiert. / The score is written in transposing notation.

Ritter Adelbert ist der strahlende Held, der erst über Umwege zu seiner wahren Bestimmung findet. In der Einleitung kann man ihn als stolzen Ritter in einer funkelnden Rüstung erkennen. Doch bereits ab dem 7/8 tel Takt bekommt man das Gefühl, dass in seinem Leben etwas nicht ganz "rund" läuft. Er zieht mit seinem klapprigen Streitwagen in die Welt um sich als Kämpfer zu beweisen. Aber - er bleibt erfolglos und verfällt in tiefste Traurigkeit (Moderato). Erst nach der vierten Fermate wird ihm klar dass in ihm kein Ritter sondern etwas ganz anderes steckt. Er entledigt sich seiner Waffen, tauscht die Rüstung gegen wunderschöne Tanzschuhe und findet sein Glück als Tänzer (Vivace).

Adelbert is a picture perfect "knight in shining armor", but he is still searching for his true calling. After the introduction his troubles begin to show at the 7/8 bar. He sets forth with his run-down carriage to prove himself a warrior, but he fails and falls in a deep depression (Moderato). He needs four fermata to realize that he is not a knight and has a completely different talent instead. He exchanges his weapons and armor into beautiful dancing shoes and finds his fortune as a dancer (vivace).

Ritter Adelbert

für Blasorchester (op. 8)

Bernhard Thomas Klein

Allegro

The score is for a full brass and woodwind ensemble. The woodwind section includes Piccolo, Flöte 1, Flöte 2, Oboe, Fagott, Klarinette in Es, Klarinette 1 in B, Klarinette 2 in B, Klarinette 3 in B, Altklarinette in Es, Baßklarinetten in B, Alt-Saxophon 1, Alt-Saxophon 2, Tenor-Saxophon, and Bariton-Saxophon. The brass section includes Horn 1/2 in F, Horn 3/4 in F, Trompete 1 in B, Trompete 2 in B, Trompete 3 in B, Posaune 1, Posaune 2, Posaune 3, Euphonium 1, Euphonium 2, and Tuba 1/2. The percussion section includes Pauken, Kleine Trommel, Große Trommel, Becken / Doppelbecken (with hängendes Becken and soli mallets), Triangel, Röhrenglocken, and Glockenspiel. The score is in 4/4 time and features a variety of dynamics from *f* to *sfz*.

15 B

Picc. *mp*

Fl. 1 *mp*

Fl. 2 *mp*

Ob. *mp*
Tutti

Fag. *mp*

Es-Kl. *mf* *mp*

B-Kl. 1 *mf* *mp*

B-Kl. 2 *mf* *mp*

B-Kl. 3 *mf* *mp*

Alk. (Es) *mp*

Baßkl. *mp*

A-Sax. 1 *mp*

A-Sax. 2 *mp*

T-Sax. *mp*

Bar-Sax. *mp*

Hm 1/2 *mp*

Hm 3/4 *mp*

Tr. 1 *mp*
senza word

Tr. 2 *mp*

Tr. 3 *mp*

Pos. 1 *mp*

Pos. 2 *mp*

Pos. 3 *mp*

Euph. 1 *mf* *mp*

Euph. 2 *mf* *mp*

Tba *mf*
Tutti *mp*

Pk. *mp*

Kl. Tr. *mp*

Gr. Tr. *mp*

3 Tom-t. *mf* *mp*

Tamb. *mp*

Beck. *mf* *mp*

Gbp. *mp*

Xyl. *mp*

D

31

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

Fag.

Es-Kl.

B-Kl. 1

B-Kl. 2

B-Kl. 3

Akl. (Es)

Baßkl.

A.-Sax. 1

A.-Sax. 2

T.-Sax.

Bar.-Sax.

Hrn 1/2

Hrn 3/4

Tr. 1

Tr. 2

Tr. 3

Pos. 1

Pos. 2

Pos. 3

Euph. 1

Euph. 2

Tba.

Kl. Tr.

Beck.

Tri.

mf

Solo

mf

p

p

p

p

p

p

p

39 rit. **E**

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

Fag.

Es-Kl.

B-Kl. 1

B-Kl. 2

B-Kl. 3

Akl. (Es)

BarBkl.

A-Sax 1

A-Sax 2

T-Sax

Bar-Sax

Hrn 1/2

Hrn 3/4

Tr. 1

Tr. 2

Tr. 3

Pos. 1

Pos. 2

Pos. 3

Euph. 1

Euph. 2

Tba

Pk.

Kl. Tr.

Gr. Tr.

3 Tom-t.

Beck.

Tri.

Rgl.

Gbp.

47 **F** Moderato

The musical score is arranged in systems. The first system includes parts for Piccolo (Picc.), Flute 1 (Fl. 1), Flute 2 (Fl. 2), Oboe (Ob.), English Horn (E. H.), Bassoon (Fag.), E♭ Clarinet (Es-Kl.), B♭ Clarinet 1 (B-Kl. 1), B♭ Clarinet 2 (B-Kl. 2), B♭ Clarinet 3 (B-Kl. 3), Alto Saxophone (A-Sax.), Tenor Saxophone (T.-Sax.), and Baritone Saxophone (Bar.-Sax.). The second system includes Horn 1/2 (Hrn 1/2), Horn 3/4 (Hrn 3/4), Trumpet 1 (Tr. 1), Trumpet 2 (Tr. 2), Trumpet 3 (Tr. 3), Trombone 1 (Pos. 1), Trombone 2 (Pos. 2), Trombone 3 (Pos. 3), Euphonium 1 (Euph. 1), Euphonium 2 (Euph. 2), and Tuba (Tba.). The third system includes Percussion (Pk.), Kettle Drum (Kl. Tr.), Gong (Gr. Tr.), Tom-toms (3 Tom-t.), Snare Drum (Beck.), Triangle (Tri.), Gong (Rgl.), and Cymbal (Glp.).

Key performance instructions include:
- Solo passages for Fl. 1, Fl. 2, E. H., T.-Sax., and Euph. 1.
- Dynamics: *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *F* (fortissimo).
- Tempo: Moderato.
- Specific solo markings: "Solo", "Solo (English Horn)", and "Solo (Euphonium)".

53 G

Fl. 1 *Tutti*

Fl. 2 *Tutti*

Ob. *mf*

E. H. *f*

Fag. *mf*

Es-Kl. *p*

B-Kl. 1 *p*

B-Kl. 2 *p*

B-Kl. 3 *p*

Akl. (Es) *p*

BaBkl. *p*

A.-Sax. 1

A.-Sax. 2

T.-Sax. *f*

Bar.-Sax.

Hrn 1/2

Hrn 3/4

Tr. 1 *Solo (Oboe) con sord. mf*

Tr. 2

Tr. 3

Pos. 1 *p*

Pos. 2 *p*

Pos. 3 *p*

Euph. 1 *mf*

Euph. 2 *p*

Tba *p*

3 Tom-t.

Wbl. *p*

Beck. *p*

Tri.

Gsp. *pp*

59

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

E. H.

Fag.

Es-Kl.

B-Kl. 1

B-Kl. 2

B-Kl. 3

Akl. (Es)

Baßkl.

A.-Sax. 1

A.-Sax. 2

T.-Sax.

Bar.-Sax.

Hrn 1/2

Hrn 3/4

Tr. 1

Tr. 2

Tr. 3

Pos. 1

Pos. 2

Pos. 3

Euph. 1

Euph. 2

Tba

3 Tom-t.

Tamb.

Wbl.

Tri.

Glp.

p

p

p

H

This page contains the musical score for measures 65 through 70 of the piece "Ritter Adelbert". The score is arranged in a standard orchestral format with multiple staves for each instrument family. The instruments listed on the left side of the page are: Picc., Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Ob., E. H., Fag., Es-Kl., B-Kl. 1, B-Kl. 2, B-Kl. 3, Akl. (Es), Baßkl., A-Sax. 1, A-Sax. 2, T-Sax., Bar-Sax., Hrn 1/2, Hrn 3/4, Tr. 1, Tr. 2, Tr. 3, Pos. 1, Pos. 2, Pos. 3, Euph. 1, Euph. 2, Tba., Pk., 3 Tom-t., Tamb., Wbl., Beck., Tri., and Gbp. The score includes dynamic markings such as *p* (piano) and *mf* (mezzo-forte), and performance instructions like "simile" and "hard mallets Beckenmitte (middle of cymbal)". The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The percussion section includes a snare drum (Wbl.), cymbals (Beck.), and a gong (Gbp.). The woodwind section includes flutes, oboe, bassoon, clarinets, saxophones, and horns. The brass section includes trumpets, trombones, and euphoniums. The string section includes three violins, three violas, three cellos, and three double basses. The score is written in a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 2/4.

This page of the musical score for "Ritter Adelbert" features a variety of instruments. The woodwind section includes Piccolo (Picc.), Flute 1 (Fl. 1), Flute 2 (Fl. 2), Oboe (Ob.), English Horn (E. H.), Bassoon (Fag.), E-flat Clarinet (Es-Kl.), Bass Clarinet 1 (B-Kl. 1), Bass Clarinet 2 (B-Kl. 2), Bass Clarinet 3 (B-Kl. 3), Alto Clarinet (Akl. (Es)), Bassoon II (Baßkl.), Alto Saxophone 1 (A-Sax. 1), Alto Saxophone 2 (A-Sax. 2), Tenor Saxophone (T-Sax.), and Baritone Saxophone (Bar.-Sax.). The brass section consists of Horns 1/2 (Hrn 1/2), Horns 3/4 (Hrn 3/4), Trumpets 1, 2, and 3 (Tr. 1, 2, 3), Trombones 1, 2, and 3 (Pos. 1, 2, 3), Euphonium 1 and 2 (Euph. 1, 2), and Tuba (Tba.). The string section includes Violins 1, 2, and 3 (Tr. 1, 2, 3), Viola (Pos. 1, 2, 3), Euphonium 1 and 2 (Euph. 1, 2), Tuba (Tba.), and Percussion (Pk.). The percussion section includes 3 Tom-toms (3 Tom-t.), Tambourine (Tamb.), Whistle (Whl.), Beck (Beck.), Gong (Glp.), and Xylophone (Xyl.). The score is marked with a *crescendo* throughout and includes dynamic markings such as *mf* and *simile* for the trombones. The page number 12 is located in the top left corner, and the title "Ritter Adelbert" is centered at the top.

87 **Vivace**

Instrument list and dynamics:

- Picc. *f* / *mf*
- Fl. 1 *f* / *mf*
- Fl. 2 *f* / *mf*
- Ob. *f*
- E. H. *f*
- Fag. *f*
- Es-Kl. *f* / *mf*
- B-Kl. 1 *f* / *mf*
- B-Kl. 2 *f* / *mf*
- B-Kl. 3 *f* / *mf*
- Akl. (Es) *f*
- Baßkl. *f*
- A-Sax. 1 *f*
- A-Sax. 2 *f*
- T-Sax. *f*
- Bar-Sax. *f*
- Hrn 1/2 *f*
- Hrn 3/4 *f*
- Tr. 1 *f* / *p*
- Tr. 2 *f* / *p*
- Tr. 3 *f* / *p*
- Pos. 1 *f* / *p*
- Pos. 2 *f* / *p*
- Pos. 3 *f* / *p*
- Euph. 1 *f*
- Euph. 2 *f*
- Tba. *f* / *p*
- Pk. *f* / *p*
- Kl. Tr. *f* / *sf* / *p*
- Gr. Tr. *sf*
- Psch.(whip) *sf*
- Beck. *f*
- Tri. *f* / *p* / *f*

9. **K** **L**

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

Fag.

Es-Kl.

B-Kl. 1

B-Kl. 2

B-Kl. 3

Akl. (Es)

Baßkl.

A.-Sax. 1

A.-Sax. 2

T.-Sax. *Solo* *mf* *Tutti*

Bar.-Sax.

Hrn 1/2

Hrn 3/4

Tr. 1

Tr. 2

Tr. 3

Pos. 1

Pos. 2

Pos. 3

Euph. 1

Euph. 2

Tba *Solo* *Tutti* *p*

Kl. Tr. *auf dem Rand (rim)*

3 Tom-t. *auf dem Rand (rim)* *p*

Beck. *hard mallets* *p*

Musical score for Ritter Adelbert, page 18, measures 121-126. The score includes parts for Piccolo, Flutes 1 and 2, Oboe, Bassoon, Clarinets in E-flat (1, 2, 3), Bassoon in Bass Clef, Saxophones (Alto 1, Alto 2, Tenor, Baritone), Horns (1/2, 3/4), Trumpets (1, 2, 3), Trombones (1, 2, 3), Euphoniums (1, 2), Tuba, Tambourine, Whistle, Triangle, and Gong. The score is written in 2/4 time and features various dynamics such as *p* (piano) and *f* (forte). A circled 'O' is present above the Piccolo staff in measure 121. The Piccolo part has a melodic line starting in measure 121. The Flutes 1 and 2 parts have a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The Clarinets and Bassoon parts have a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The Saxophones and Horns parts have a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The Trombones and Euphoniums parts have a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The Tuba part has a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The Tambourine, Whistle, and Triangle parts have a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The Gong part has a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes.

129

Score for *Ritter Adelbert*, page 19. The score includes parts for Piccolo, Flutes 1 and 2, Oboe, Bassoon, E-flat Clarinet, B-flat Clarinets 1, 2, and 3, Alto Clarinet (E-flat), Bassoon, Alto Saxophones 1 and 2, Tenor Saxophone, Baritone Saxophone, Horns 1/2 and 3/4, Trumpets 1, 2, and 3, Trombones 1, 2, and 3, Euphoniums 1 and 2, Tuba, Tambourine, Whistle, Triangle, and Gong. The score is in 2/4 time and features a variety of musical notations, including dynamics such as *p* and *f*.

P 137

acc.

f

mf

Beckenmittle (middle of cymbal)

145 **Q**

Picc.
Fl. 1
Fl. 2
Ob.
Fag.
Es-Kl.
B-Kl. 1
B-Kl. 2
B-Kl. 3
Akl. (Es)
BarKl.
A-Sax. 1
A-Sax. 2
T.-Sax.
Bar.-Sax.
Hrn 1/2
Hrn 3/4
Tr. 1
Tr. 2
Tr. 3
Pos. 1
Pos. 2
Pos. 3
Euph. 1
Euph. 2
Tba.
Kl. Tr.
Gr. Tr.
3 Tom-t.
Beck.
Tri.
Rgl.
Xyl.

This page of a musical score for 'Ritter Adelbert' features a large woodwind and brass section. The score is organized into systems of staves. The first system includes Piccolo (Picc.), Flute 1 (Fl. 1), Flute 2 (Fl. 2), Oboe (Ob.), Bassoon (Fag.), English Horn (Es-Kl.), Clarinet 1 (B-Kl. 1), Clarinet 2 (B-Kl. 2), Clarinet 3 (B-Kl. 3), Alto Saxophone (Ahl. (Es)), Bassoon (Baßkl.), Alto Saxophone 1 (A-Sax. 1), Alto Saxophone 2 (A-Sax. 2), Tenor Saxophone (T.-Sax.), and Baritone Saxophone (Bar.-Sax.). The second system includes Horn 1/2 (Hrn 1/2), Horn 3/4 (Hrn 3/4), Trumpet 1 (Tr. 1), Trumpet 2 (Tr. 2), Trumpet 3 (Tr. 3), Trombone 1 (Pos. 1), Trombone 2 (Pos. 2), Trombone 3 (Pos. 3), Euphonium 1 (Euph. 1), Euphonium 2 (Euph. 2), and Tuba (Tba). The third system includes Percussion (Pk.), Kettentriller (Kl. Tr.), Große Trommel (Gr. Tr.), Becken (Beck.), and Regler (Rgl.). The woodwind and brass parts are characterized by rhythmic patterns of eighth and sixteenth notes, often with slurs and accents. The percussion parts include snare drum, cymbals, and tom-toms, with dynamic markings such as *sf* (sforzando) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The Regler part features a prominent, sustained low-frequency line.

167

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

Fag.

Es-Kl.

B-Kl. 1

B-Kl. 2

B-Kl. 3

Akl. (Es)

BarBl.

A-Sax. 1

A-Sax. 2

T-Sax.

Bar-Sax.

Hrn 1/2

Hrn 3/4

Tr. 1

Tr. 2

Tr. 3

Pos. 1

Pos. 2

Pos. 3

Euph. 1

Euph. 2

Tba.

Pk.

Kl. Tr.

Tri.

Rgl.

Gbp.

ff

174

174

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Ob.

Fag.

Es-Kl.

B-Kl. 1

B-Kl. 2

B-Kl. 3

Alk. (Es)

Bar.Kl.

A-Sax. 1

A-Sax. 2

T-Sax.

Bar-Sax.

Hrn 1/2

Hrn 3/4

Tr. 1

Tr. 2

Tr. 3

Pos. 1

Pos. 2

Pos. 3

Euph. 1

Euph. 2

Tba.

Pk.

Kl. Tr.

Gr. Tr.

Beck.

Tri.

Rgl.

Ghp.

p

sf

Blasorchester / Concert Band / Harmonie

Verkehrte Welt für Blasorchester und Erzähler (Opus 6a), Grade 3, ca. 9 - 10 min.

Marschpersiflage über eine wetterbedingt chaotische Orchesterprobe, mit Gewitter, Regen und Regenbogen, mit freiem Improvisationsteil.

Marchparody with narrator, about a turbulent stormy rehearsal with rain, thunder and a rainbow, free improvisation.

Si contra fa est diablo in musica für Blasorchester (Opus 6b), Grade 3 - 4, ca. 4`10 min.

Tritonusmarsch - Der Tritonus erklingt heute in jedem Septakkord. Früher galt er als verbotenes Intervall (der Teufel in der Musik). Melodisch verwendet strahlt er nach wie vor eine gewisse Schrägheit aus.

Tritonemarch - The tritone appears nowadays in every septakkord. In former times it was a forbidden interval (the devil's fourth). Through the use of the tritone, the melody sounds somewhat dissonant.

Ritter Adelbert für Blasorchester (Opus 8), Grade 4, ca. 5`20 min.

Der Ritter Adelbert zieht in die weite Welt um sich als Kämpfer zu beweisen (7/8tel Takt). Er bleibt aber ohne Erfolg und fühlt sich verloren (langsamer Mittelteil, ganztönig, Solo für Englischhorn alternativ Tenorsaxophon). Sein Glück findet er schließlich als Tänzer (Samba).

Sir Adelbert sets forth to prove himself a warrior (7/8 bar). But he fails and feels lost (slow middle part, wholetone sound, solo for English horn or tenor saxophone). In the end he succeeds as a dancer (samba).

La Grotte für Blasorchester und Echochor (3 Trp., 3 Pos.) (Opus13), Grade 4, ca. 3`10 min.

La Grotte vertont den Besuch einer Tropfsteinhöhle: Eindrücke zwischen Erstaunen (ruhige und schillernde Klänge) und Beklemmung (massive Melodie im tiefen Register). Der Echochor unterstützt die Höhlenatmosphäre.

La Grotte describes a visit in a cavern: Impressions between astonishment (calm and shimmering sounds) and apprehension (intense melody in the low register). The echoes of the brass choir supplement the atmosphere of cavern.

Buxley Streeter für Blasorchester, Solo Rapper und Chor ad lib. (Opus 14), Grade 3, ca. 3`40 min.

Buxley Streeter ist ein cooler beliebter Typ. Ohne seine Freunde aber fehlt ihm etwas. Ein rockiges Stück mit ruhigerem Mittelteil.

Buxley Streeter is a real cool guy, but without his gang he falls out of place. A rockin' number with slow central intermezzo.

Der Geisterhund vom Galgenbühl für Blasorchester und Chor (S-A-T-B) ad lib. (Opus 26), Grade 3, ca. 6`30 min.

Die Komposition basiert auf einer überlieferten Sage. Gruselige Stimmung in langsamen Zeitmaß (4/2) und eintönige Melodie mit Sekundschichtungen münden in einen Flüsterteil mit Aufschrei. Ohne Chor aufgeführt sollte die Sage vorgelesen werden.

The composition is based on a legend. Creepy mood in slow tempo (4/2) and monotonous melody with clusters of seconds lead to a section of whispers and a scream. If performed without choir the legend should be read to the audience.

Auerberg für Tuba und Blasorchester (Opus 9), Grade 4 (Tuba 5), ca. 8`50 min.

In malerischen Naturbildern von sanft bis kraftvoll wird die Tuba als klangvoll tönendes, rhythmisch groovendes aber auch virtuoses Soloinstrument herausgestellt. Das Orchester begleitet zurückhaltend, teilweise unkonventionell (Luft- und Klappengeräusche, mit Nägeln auf dem Notenständer) aber auch herausfordernd (Unisono).

The gentle and powerful landscape found in Auerberg region are portrayed by the tuba with full sound, grooving rhythm and virtuosity. The band accompaniment is subdued, partly unkonventionell (air noises, clattering with instruments and nails on music stand), but also with powerful unison passages.

Taschensinfonie für Blasorchester (Opus 12), Grade 5, ca. 4`50 min.

Eine komprimierte Sinfonie für die "Hosentasche". Über Wellen, Sommerwind, eine Rose und die Sonne, in vier zusammenhängenden Teilen.

A condensed symphony that fits in a "trouser - pocket". About waves, a summer breeze, a rose and the sun, in four connected parts.

Argen für Blasorchester (Opus 21), Grade 5, ca. 13`30 min.

Musik über den Fluss Argen, über Sehnsucht, Liebe und Natur unter motivischer und inhaltlicher Einbeziehung des Volksliedes "Das Argental". Soli für Baßflöte, Oboe d'amore und Piccolotrompete.

Music inspired by the river Argen, about yearning, love and nature, with references to the traditional folksong about the Argen Valley. Soli for bass flute, oboe d'amore, and piccolo trumpet.

Alle Kompositionen mit Stichnoten.

All compositions are cued for alternative instruments.